

## Glossary of Terms

### *Agroecology*

A way of farming that combines ecological science with farmer knowledge, emphasizing sustainability, biodiversity, and social justice.

### *Climate Justice*

The idea that climate change is not just environmental, but social and political, with the greatest harms often falling on those least responsible.

### *Decolonizing Storytelling / Filmmaking*

Practices that shift power over narratives toward the communities represented, challenging extractive or colonial approaches to media.

### *Food Justice*

An approach to food systems that focuses on equity, who has access to good food, who produces it, and how power shapes those realities.

### *Food Sovereignty*

The right of people and communities to define their own food systems, including cultural foodways, land access, and governance.

<https://viacampesina.org/en/what-is-food-sovereignty/>

### *Global North / Global South*

Terms describing global inequalities rooted in colonialism, where wealth and power are unevenly distributed.

### *La Vía Campesina*

A global movement of peasants and farmers advocating for food sovereignty and agrarian justice.

<https://viacampesina.org/en/international-peasants-voice/>

### *Mutual Liberation*

The principle that justice and freedom are interconnected. No group can be free while others are oppressed.

### *Patriarchy*

Social systems in which power is largely held by men, shaping inequalities in labor, decision-making, and control over resources.

*Reproductive Labor (Care Work)*

Often unpaid or undervalued work (cooking, caregiving, and subsistence farming) that sustains households and communities.

*Solidarity*

Collective action rooted in shared struggle and mutual responsibility, not charity or pity.